CLAIM AMENDMENT

Please **AMEND** claims 1-4, 6-11, and 14-16 as follows.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A flat panel display, comprising:
- a system including an image processing part for deciding a timing format of an image data and generating a control signal for the image data; an encoder for encoding the image data and the control signal output from the image processing part into a RSDS specification, and a power output part for outputting a constant-voltage; and
- a display module in electrical communication with the system, said display module comprising:
- a control board including a power supply part for converting the constant-voltage of the power output part into a predetermined voltage level;
- a gray scale generating part for generating a gray scale voltage using the predetermined voltage level of the voltage converting part;
- a gate voltage generating part for generating a gate on/off voltage using the predetermined voltage level of the voltage converting part; and
 - a transmission line for transmitting the encoded image data and the control signal;
- a first connecting member having a data driver that converts the RSDS specification into TTL data for generating a column signal when the image data, the control signal, and the gray scale voltage are applied;
- a second connecting member having a scan driver for generating a scan signal when the control signal and the gate on/off voltage are applied; and
 - a flat panel for forming a picture using the scan signal and the column signal.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 1, wherein said data driver comprises:
- a first decoding means for decoding the data and the control signal of the into the TTL data;
- a first register means for temporarily storing the <u>TTL</u> data decoded by the first decoding means; and
- a first signal processing means for generating and outputting a column signal using the TTL data stored in the first register means, the control signal and the gray scale voltage.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 2, wherein the data and the control signal are transmitted in a mixed signal within a single channel, are and after being decoded by the first decoding means, are the TTL data is divided to be stored at a first register and a second register of the first register means, and are is output to the first signal processing means.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 2, wherein the data and the control signal are separately transmitted through respective corresponding channels, are and after being respectively decoded by a first decoder and a second decoder of the first decoding means, are the TTL data is divided to be stored at a third register and a fourth register of the first register means, and are output to the first signal processing means.

- 5. (Original) The flat panel display of claim 1, wherein said scan driver comprises:
- a second decoding means for decoding the control signal;
- a second register means for temporarily storing the control signal decoded by the second decoding means; and
- a second signal processing means for generating a scan signal using the control signal stored in the second register means and the gate on/off voltage.

6. (Currently Amended) A flat panel display, comprising:

a signal converting board including an analog/digital converter for converting an analog data having an analog format and for forming a picture and a control signal for the analog data into a digital data and a digital control signal; an image processing part for deciding a timing format of the digital data and generating a control signal for the digital data; and an encoder for encoding the digital data and the digital control signal output from the image processing part into encoded digital data and encoded digital control signal having a RSDS specification;

a display module in electrical communication with the signal converting board, said display module comprising:

a control board including a power supply part for converting a constant-voltage into a predetermined voltage level;

a gray scale generating part for generating a gray scale voltage using the predetermined voltage level of the voltage converting part;

a gate voltage generating part for generating a gate on/off voltage using the predetermined voltage level of the voltage converting part; and

a transmission line for transmitting the encoded image data and the control signal;

a first connecting member having a data driver for generating a column signal from the image data, the control signal, and the gray scale voltage[[;]], wherein the data driver comprises a decoder to decode the encoded digital data and the encoded digital control signal into TTL data;

- a second connecting member having a scan driver for generating a scan signal from the control signal and the gate on/off voltage; and
 - a flat panel for displaying an image using the scan signal and the column signal.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 6, wherein said data driver decoder comprises:
- a first decoding means for decoding the <u>encoded</u> digital data and the <u>encoded</u> digital control signal <u>into the TTL data</u>;
- a first register means for temporarily storing the \underline{TTL} data decoded by the first decoding means; and
- a first signal processing means for generating and outputting a column signal using the <u>TTL</u> data stored in the first register means, the control signal, and the gray scale voltage.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 7, wherein the <u>digital</u> data and the <u>digital</u> control signal are transmitted in a mixed signal within a single channel, are <u>and after</u> being decoded by the first decoding means, are the TTL data is divided to be stored at a first register and a second register of the first register means, and are output to the first signal processing means.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 7, wherein the <u>digital</u> data and the <u>digital</u> control signal are separately transmitted through respective corresponding channels, are and after being respectively decoded by a first decoder and a second decoder of the first decoding means the TTL data is, are divided to be stored at a third register and a fourth register of the first register means, and are output to the first signal processing means.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 6, wherein said scan driver comprises:
 - a second decoding means for decoding the encoded digital control signal;
- a second register means for temporarily storing the <u>encoded digital</u> control signal decoded by the second decoding means; and
- a second signal processing means for generating a scan signal using the <u>decoded</u> control signal stored in the second register means and the gate on/off voltage.
 - 11. (Currently Amended) A flat panel display, comprising:
- a flat panel display having a plurality of data lines and a plurality of scan lines formed in a matrix configuration;
- a system including a image signal processing part, a power output part, and encoder part, wherein the image signal processing part generates a data signal and a control signal and the encoder part receives the data signal and the control signal and transmits RSDS signals; and
- a control board including a gray scale generating part, a gate voltage generation part, power supply part and connected to the flat panel display with a plurality of connecting members, wherein the plurality of connecting members include a plurality of column driver

integrated circuits for receiving RSDS signals from the encoder and decoding the RSDS signals into a TTL signal.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The flat panel display of claim 11, wherein the flat panel display is a liquid crystal display.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The flat panel display of claim 11, wherein the plurality of connecting members apply the RSDS signals to the corresponding column driver integrated circuits.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 12, wherein the plurality of column driver integrated circuits convert the RSDS signals into a-the TTL signal and generates a driving signal.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 11, wherein the TTL <u>signal</u> is converted into a column signal and output to the plurality of data lines.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The flat panel display of claim 11, wherein the column driver integrated circuit further comprises:
- a first decoder connected to a data transmission channel for receiving the RSDS signal from the encoder and converting into a first TTL signal;
- a first register in electrical communication with the first decoder for temporally storing the first TTL signal;

a second decoder connected to a control signal transmission channel for receiving the RSDS signal from the encoder and converting into a second TTL signal; and

a second register in electrical communication with the second decoder for temporally storing the second TTL signal, controlling the first register, and outputting control signals to a shift register for outputting a column signal.

- 17. (Previously Presented) The flat panel display of claim 16, wherein the first register selectively outputs signals to a data latch.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The flat panel display of claim 16, wherein the second register selectively outputs control signals to at least one of the first register, the shift register, a data latch a converter and a buffer.